**IPSS: Statistical Report No.17** 

# The cost of Social security In Japan

Fiscal Year 2004 (April 2004 - March 2005)

### National Institute of Population and Social Security Research TOKYO JAPAN 2007

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No figure	-	
Minimum ratio when less than 0.05	0.0	
Estimated figure when less than half the unit used in the Table	0	
Reduced figure (ratio)		

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#### I. The Scope of Social Security Expenditure

1. The scope of social security expenditure is based on the ILO (International Labor Organization) standards for international comparison.

The ILO defines Social Security Expenditure as all schemes or services which meet the following three criteria:

- (i) The objectives of the schemes must be to grant benefits for at least one of the following risks and needs: (1)
   Old age; (2) Survivor; (3) Invalidity; (4) Employment injury; (5) Sickness and health; (6) Family; (7)
   Unemployment; (8) Housing; (9) Public assistance and others.
- (ii) The system must have been set up by legislation which attributes specific individual rights to, or which imposes specified obligations on, a public, semi-public or autonomous body.
- (iii) The system should be administered by a public, semi-public or autonomous body founded by legislation; or by a private body which has been granted rights to perform legal obligations.Specifically, the schemes for employment injury compensation are conducted by a private body as the case may be, though it should be included in the scope of Social Security Expenditure.

On the basis of the criteria listed above, the following schemes are included in these statistics: social insurance (including unemployment insurance and employment injury compensation insurance), family allowances, special schemes for public employees, public health service, public assistance, social welfare schemes and aid for war victims.

Social Security Expenditure is based on the above ILO standards and is estimated in each fiscal year budget for expenditure in each system of social security in Japan. Since 1949, the ILO has conducted 19 international inquiries on the cost of social security, and provides social security expenses data submitted by various countries in "The Cost of Social Security" on its Internet homepage.

(See http://www.ilo.org/public/english/protection/secsoc/areas/stat/css/index.htm)

- 2. Social Security Expenditure is divided into "Medical care," "Pensions," and "Welfare & Others:"
- (i) "Medical care" includes costs for medical insurance, the medical service system for the aged, medical aid for public assistance, medical services for Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance, as well as costs related to government-financed special medical services, such as the treatment of tuberculosis and mental disorders, and public health services conducted by local health centers.
- (ii) "Pensions" includes payments by public pension schemes such as National Pensions and Employee's Pension Insurance. It also includes some cash benefits paid in the form of pensions within the scheme of gratuities for retired public employees, and the scheme for Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance.
- (iii) "Welfare & Others" includes expenses for social welfare services or long-term care, public assistances other than medical services, cash benefits for child allowance, sickness and injury cash benefits within the health insurance schemes, leave compensation benefits paid by the Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance and unemployment benefits from Employment Insurance. In addition, Long-term care includes long-term care insurance benefits and public assistance long-term care services, atomic bomb victim long-term care insurance system co-payments, partial cost sharing and family-care leave benefits.

3. The functional classification of Social Security Expenditure sums up benefits for each of the risks and needs included in 1(i) of the above Scope of Social Security Expenditure.

#### II. Summary of Social Security Expenditure, FY 2004

1. Social Security Expenditure in fiscal year 2004 was 85,646.9 billion yen.

- (i) Of the three categories, Medical care was estimated at 27,153.7 billion yen, accounting for 31.7 percent of the total; Pensions was 45,518.8 billion yen for a total share of 53.1 percent. Welfare & Others was 12,974.4 billion yen for a total share of 15.1 percent.
- (ii) Social Security Expenditure increased by 1.6 percent in fiscal year 2004. The percentage share of the National Income was 23.72 percent.
- (iii) Social Security Expenditure per head of population was estimated at 670,800 yen, and the average expenditure per household was 1,826,900 yen.

Table Coolar Occurry		outogory, noou	r yearo 2000 ana 20	501		
Social Security	2003	2004	Compared with the previous year			
Expenditure	2005	2004	Amount of increase	Rate of increase		
	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	%		
Total	842,668	856,469	13,801	1.6		
	(100.0)	(100.0)				
Medical care	266,154	271,537	5,383	2.0		
	(31.6)	(31.7)				
Pensions	447,845	455,188	7,343	1.6		
	(53.1)	(53.1)				
Welfare & Others	128,669	129,744	1,075	0.8		
	(15.3)	(15.1)				
of which Long-term care	51,521	56,289	4,768	9.3		
	(5.6)	(6.6)				

<b>Table 1</b>	Social Security	/ Expenditure by	category fiscal	years 2003 and 2004
I UNIVI				YCAIS 2000 and 2007

Note: () The ratio to the total is expressed as a percentage.

Table 2	Social Securit	y Expenditure b	y category a	s a percentage	of National Income

Social Security Expenditure	2003	2004	Increase compared with the previous year
	%	%	% point
Total	23.51	23.72	0.21
Medical care	7.43	7.52	0.10
Pensions	12.50	12.61	0.11
Welfare & Others	3.59	3.59	0.00
of which Long-term care	1.44	1.56	0.12

## Table 3 Social Security Expenditure per head of population and per household, fiscal years 2003 and 2004

Social Security	2003	2004	Compared with the previous year		
Expenditure	2003	2004	Amount of increase	Rate of increase	
	1,000 yen	1,000 yen	1,000 yen	%	
Per head of population	660.3	670.8	10.5	1.6	
Per household	1,819.3	1,826.9	7.6	0.4	

Notes: Social Security Expenditure per household = (Total number of people in households/Total number of households) × Social Security Expenditure per head of population.

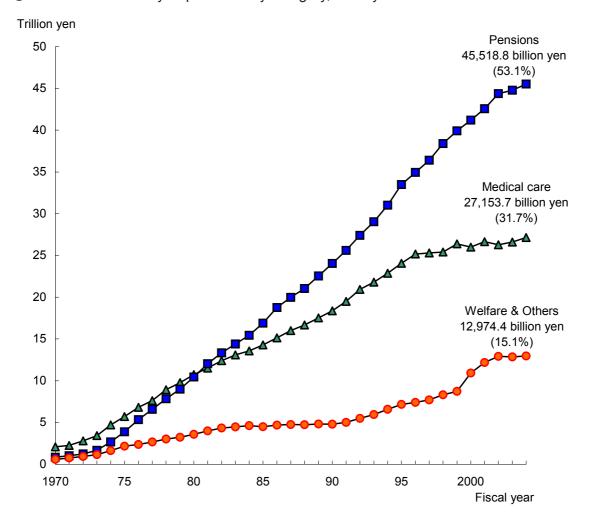


Figure 1 Social Security Expenditure by category, fiscal years 1970-2004

2. As can be seen in Table 4 below showing Social Security Expenditure by functional category, "Old age" heads the list with 50.4% of the total, followed by "Sickness and health" at 31.0%. These two functional categories make up approximately 81.4% of the entire Social Security Expenditure. The other functional categories and their percentages of the total are "Survivors" (7.3%), "Family benefits" (3.1%), "Social assistance and others" (2.7%) ,"Invalidity benefits" (2.3%),"Unemployment" (1.7%),"Employment injury" (1.1%) and "Housing" (0.4%).

Social Security	2003	2004	Compared with th	ne previous year
Expenditure			Amount of increase	Rate of increase
	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	%
Total	842,668 (100.0)	856,469 (100.0)	13,801	1.6
Old age	420,079 (49.9)	431,922 (50.4)	11,842	2.8
Survivors	61,687 (7.3)	62,527 (7.3)	840	1.4
Invalidity benefits	19,495 (2.3)	19,731 (2.3)	236	1.2
Employment injury	9,912 (1.2)	9,763 (1.1)	<b>▲</b> 150	▲ 1.5
Sickness and health	260,851 (30.9)	265,466 (31.0)	4,616	1.8
Family benefits	27,217 (3.2)	26,494 (3.1)	▲ 723	▲ 2.7
Unemployment	19,471 (2.3)	14,442 (1.7)	▲ 5,029	▲ 25.8
Housing	2,796 (0.3)	3,130 (0.4)	334	11.9
Social assistance and others	21,159 (2.5)	22,993 (2.7)	1,834	8.7

 Table 4
 Social Security Expenditure by functional category, fiscal years 2003 and 2004

Notes: 1. () The ratio to the total is expressed as a percentage.

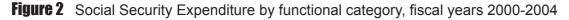
2. Refer to 'Reference' for more details about functional classifications.

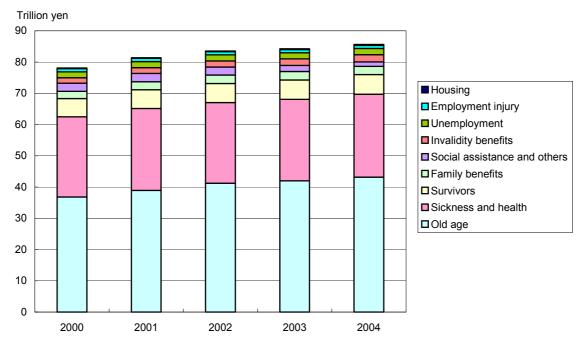
3. "Family" decreased by 2.7% from the previous fiscal year (2003); however, there were reasons. Subsidies for public children's daycare service became autonomous and grants are no longer given by the central government; instead, they are self-financed by local governments. Assuming that the cost was approximately 332.2 billion yen, then the share of "Family" increased to 3.5% and the rate of increase was 9.5% over the previous year.

Social Security Expenditure	2003	2004	Increase compared with the previous year
	%	%	% point
Total	23.51	23.72	0.21
Old age	11.72	11.96	0.24
Survivors	1.72	1.73	0.01
Invalidity benefits	0.54	0.55	0.00
Employment injury	0.28	0.27	▲ 0.01
Sickness and health	7.28	7.35	0.08
Family benefits	0.76	0.73	▲ 0.03
Unemployment	0.54	0.40	▲ 0.14
Housing	0.08	0.09	0.01
Social assistance and others	0.59	0.64	0.05

**Table 5** Social Security Expenditure by functional category as a percentage of National Income

Notes: In comparison with the previous year, "Family" decreased 0.03% due to fiscal reform of public children's daycare services. The central government no longer provides grants for this service, and thus the data can not be estimated as before. If the cost of children's daycare service is estimated at approximately 332.2 billion yen, the percentage of "Family" per national income was 0.83%, 0.07% higher than the previous year.





3. Social Security Expenditure for the elderly (i.e., retirement pensions, medical care for the aged, welfare services for the aged) was 60,653.7 billion yen. Its share of Social Security Expenditure was 70.8 percent.

	aure o Social Security Experiditure for the elderly, fiscal years 2003 and 2004						
	2003	2004	Rate of increase compared with the previous year				
	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	%				
Total Social Security Expenditure	842,668	856,469	1.6				
	(100.0)	(100.0)					
Expenditure for the elderly	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	%				
Pension benefits	429,959	438,143	1.9				
Medical care	106,343	105,879	▲ 0.4				
Welfare services	55,387	61,125	10.4				
Subsidies for elderly employees	1,489	1,389	▲ 6.7				
Total	593,178	606,537	2.3				
	(70.4)	(70.8)					
Population			Rate of increase				
By age group	10 thousand	10 thousand	%				
60 and over	3,261	3,353	2.9				
65 and over	2,431	2,488	2.3				
70 and over	1,691	1,753	3.7				
75 and over	1,055	1,107	4.9				

Notes: 1. The ratio to the total Social Security Expenditure is expressed as a percentage.

- 2. Health and medical services expenditure for the aged consists of expenditures concerning measures for care control, the in-home welfare service expense not covered by long-term care insurance, etc.
- 3. Elderly employment maintenance benefits provide those over 60 who, from the time of reaching 60 years of age, are to continue working with a pay cut of more than 25%, with the equivalent of 15% of their pay until they reach 65 years of age, with the aim of promoting the maintenance of employment and reemployment among people aged between 60 and 65.
- 4. The applicable age group for the healthcare system for the elderly was in October 2002 raised by five years from the over-70s to the over 75s; thus it is necessary to bear in mind that the above figures for elderly healthcare (medical areas) benefits in 2003 and 2004 differ in terms of their applicable age range. That the rate of increase compared with the previous year is a negative figure is a reflection of this. According to the "2004 National Medical Care Expenditure (Estimates) (Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare)," the national medical expenses for the over-75s in 2004 rose by 5.7% compared with the previous year.

#### III. Summary of Social Security Revenue by source, FY 2004

Fiscal year 2004 Social Security Revenue amounted to 93,020.6 billion yen.

- (i) Percentages in each category indicate that Social Insurance is 57.8%, Tax is 30.8%, and Other Receipts is 11.4% of the total.
- (ii) Revenue has decreased 8.13% as compared to the previous fiscal year.

	2003	2004	Compared with the	Compared with the previous year		
			Amount of increase	Rate of increase		
	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	%		
Total	1,021,526	930,206	▲ 82,320	▲ 8.13		
	(100.0)	(100.0)				
I Social Insurance	546,302	537,541	▲ 8,761	▲ 1.60		
	(54.0)	(57.8)				
Contribution from	272,505	262,256	▲ 10,249	▲ 3.76		
employers	(26.9)	(28.2)				
Contribution from	273,797	275,285	1,488	0.54		
insured persons	(27.0)	(29.6)				
II Taxes	277,853	286,369	8,516	3.06		
	(27.4)	30.8				
Central governmment	211,415	217,012	5,597	2.65		
	(20.9)	(23.3)				
Other governmment	66,438	69,357	2,919	4.39		
	(6.6)	(7.5)				
III Other receipts	188,371	106,295	▲ 82,076	<b>▲</b> 43.57		
	(18.6)	(11.4)				
Income from capital	152,229	70,005	▲ 82,224	▲ 54.01		
	(15.0)	(7.5)				
Others	36,142	36,291	148	0.41		
	(3.6)	(3.9)				

 Table 7
 Social Security Revenue by source, fiscal years 2003 and 2004

Note: ( ) The ratio to the total is expressed as a percentage.

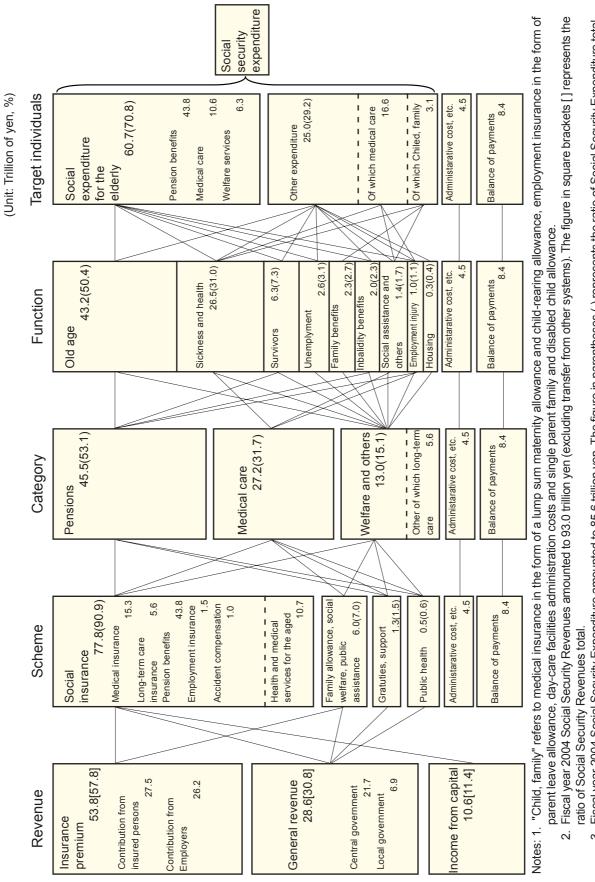


Figure3 Social Security Expenditure by revenue, scheme, category, function and target individuals, fiscal year 2004

> Fiscal year 2004 Social Security Expenditure amounted to 85.6 trillion yen. The figure in parentheses () represents the ratio of Social Security Expenditure total. *с*і.

#### **IV. Statistical tables**

	Social Security Expenditure						
Fiscal year	Total (A)	Medical Care (B)	B/A	Pension,Welfare & Others (C)		C/A	
	Hundreds of millions of yen	Hundreds of millions of yen	%	Hundreds of millions of yen		%	
1950	1,261	646	51.2	61		48.8	
1951	1,571	804	51.1	76		48.9	
1952	2,194	1,149	52.3	1,04		47.7	
1953	2,577	1,480	57.5	1,09		42.5	
1954	3,841	1,712	44.6	2,12		55.4	
1955	3,893	1,919	49.3	1,97		50.7	
1956	3,986	2,018	50.6	1,96	9	49.4	
1957	4,357	2,224	51.0	2,13	3	49.0	
1958	5,080	2,099	41.3	2,98	1	58.7	
1959	5,778	2,523	43.7	3,25	5	56.3	
1960	6,553	2,942	44.9	3,61		55.1	
1961	7,900	3,850	48.7	4,05		51.3	
1962	9,219	4,699	51.0	4,52		49.0	
1963	11,214	5,885	52.5	5,32		47.5	
				Pension (D)	D/A	Welfare & Others (E)	E/A
				Hundreds of	%	Hundreds of	%
				millions of yen	%	millions of yen	70
1964	13,475	7,328	54.4	3,056	22.7	3,091	22.9
1965	16,037	9,137	57.0	3,508	21.9	3,392	21.2
1966	18,670	10,766	57.7	4,199	22.5	3,705	19.8
1967	21,644	12,583	58.1	4,947	22.9	4,114	19.0
1968	25,096	14,679	58.5	5,835	23.3	4,582	18.3
1969	28,752	16,975	59.0	6,935	24.1	4,842	16.8
1970	35,239	20,758	58.9	8,562	24.3	5,920	16.8
1971	40,258	22,505	55.9	10,192	25.3	7,561	18.8
1972	49,845	28,111	56.4	12,367	24.8	9,367	18.8
1973	62,587	34,270	54.8	16,758	26.8	11,559	18.5
1974	90,270	47,208	52.3	26,782	29.7	16,280	18.0
1975 1976	117,693 145,165	57,132	48.5 46.9	38,831	33.0 36.8	21,730	18.5 16.3
1978	168,868	68,098 76,256	40.9 45.2	53,415 65,880	30.0 39.0	23,652 26,732	15.8
1978	197,763	89,167	45.2	78,377	39.0 39.6	30,219	15.8
1979	219,832	97,743	44.5	89,817	40.9	32,272	14.7
1980	247,736	107,329	43.3	104,525	42.2	35,882	14.5
1981	275,638	115,221	41.8	120,420	43.7	39,997	14.5
1982	300,973	124,118	41.2	133,404	44.3	43,451	14.4
1983	319,733	130,983	41.0	144,108	45.1	44,642	14.0
1984	336,396	135,654	40.3	154,527	45.9	46,216	13.7
1985	356,798	142,830	40.0	168,923	47.3	45,044	12.6
1986	385,918	151,489	39.3	187,620	48.6	46,809	12.1
1987	407,337	160,001	39.3	199,874	49.1	47,462	11.7
1988	424,582	166,726	39.3	210,459	49.6	47,397	11.2
1989	448,822	175,279	39.1	225,407	50.2	48,136	10.7
1990	472,203	183,795	38.9	240,420	50.9	47,989	10.2
1991	501,346	195,056	38.9	256,145	51.1	50,145	10.0
1992	538,280	209,395	38.9	274,013	50.9	54,872	10.2
1993	568,039	218,059	38.4	290,376	51.1	59,603	10.5
1994 1005	604,727	228,726	37.8	310,084	51.3	65,918 71 725	10.9
1995 1996	647,314 675,475	240,593	37.2 37.3	334,986 349,548	51.8 51.7	71,735	<u>11.1</u> 11.0
1996	675,475 694,163	251,789 253,070	37.3 36.5	349,548 363,996	51.7 52.4	74,139 77,098	11.0
1997	694,163 721,411	253,070 254,077	36.5 35.2	384,105	52.4 53.2	83,228	11.1
1998	750,417	263,953	35.2 35.2	399,112	53.2 53.2	87,352	11.5
2000	781,272	260,062	33.3	412,012	53.2 52.7	109,198	11.0
2000	814,007	266,415	32.7	412,012	52.7	121,878	14.0
2001	835,666	262,744	32.7 31.4	443,781	52.5 53.1	121,070	15.0
		266,154	31.4	447,845	53.1	128,669	15.3
2003	842,668	200 104	010	44/ 04:1		120 009	1.1.1

 Table 1
 Social Security Expenditure by category, fiscal years 1950-2004

Note: Rounding of the numbers may cause some discrepancies.

		Social Socurit			(Unit:S
Fiscal year		Social Securit	y Expenditure	-	National Incom
,	Total	Medical Care	Pensions	Welfare & Others	Hundreds of millions of yen
1951	3.54	1.81		73	44,34
1952	4.21	2.20	2.	01	52,15
1953	4.29	2.47	1.	83	60,01
1954	5.83	2.60	3.	23	65,91
1955	5.58	2.75	2.	83	69,73
1956	5.05	2.56		49	78,96
1957	4.91	2.51		41	88,68
1958	5.41	2.24		18	93,82
1959	5.23	2.28		95	110,42
1960	4.86	2.18		68	134,96
1960	4.80	2.18		52	
					160,81
1962	5.15	2.63		53	178,93
1963	5.31	2.79		53	210,99
1964	5.60	3.05	1.27	1.29	240,51
1965	5.98	3.41	1.31	1.26	268,27
1966	5.90	3.40	1.33	1.17	316,44
1967	5.76	3.35	1.32	1.10	375,47
1968	5.74	3.36	1.33	1.05	437,20
1969	5.52	3.26	1.33	0.93	521,17
1970	5.77	3.40	1.40	0.97	610,29
1970	6.11	3.40	1.40	1.15	
					659,10
1972	6.40	3.61	1.59	1.20	779,36
1973	6.53	3.58	1.75	1.21	958,39
1974	8.03	4.20	2.38	1.45	1,124,71
1975	9.49	4.61	3.13	1.75	1,239,90
1976	10.34	4.85	3.80	1.68	1,403,97
1977	10.85	4.90	4.23	1.72	1,557,03
1978	11.51	5.19	4.56	1.76	1,717,78
1979	12.06	5.36	4.93	1.77	1,822,06
1980	12.19	5.28	5.14	1.77	2,032,4
1981	13.01	5.44	5.68	1.89	2,118,78
1982	13.68	5.64	6.06	1.97	2,200,09
1983	13.82	5.66	6.23	1.93	2,312,85
1984	13.83	5.58	6.36	1.90	2,431,54
1985	13.67	5.47	6.47	1.73	2,610,89
1986	14.39	5.65	7.00	1.75	
1987	14.45	5.68	7.09	1.68	2,818,19
1988	13.97	5.48	6.92	1.56	3,039,6
1989	13.93	5.44	7.00	1.49	3,222,0
1990	13.56	5.28	6.90	1.38	3,483,45
1991	13.51	5.26	6.90	1.35	3,710,80
1992	14.57	5.67	7.42	1.49	3,693,23
1993	15.39	5.91	7.87	1.62	3,690,32
1994	16.17	6.11	8.29	1.76	3,740,79
1995	17.30	6.43	8.95	1.92	3,742,7
1996	17.82	6.64	9.22	1.96	3,791,0
1990	18.14	6.61	9.51	2.01	3,827,63
1998	19.37	6.82	10.31	2.23	3,725,03
1999	20.46	7.20	10.88	2.38	3,667,39
2000	21.02	7.00	11.09	2.94	3,715,97
2001	22.55	7.38	11.79	3.38	3,609,52
2002	23.49	7.38	12.47	3.63	3,557,84
2003	23.51	7.43	12.50	3.59	3,583,96
2004	23.72	7.52	12.61	3.59	3,610,12

# Table 2 Three categories of Social Security Expenditure as a percentage of National Income, fiscal years 1951-2004

Sources: National Income up to 1954: Annual Report on National Income Statistics (1978); 1955-77: Report on National Accounts (1988); 1978-1979: Annual Report on National Accounts (2000); 1980-96: Report on National Accounts (2005); 1997-2004: Report on National Accounts (2006);1990 and after: Revised National Accounts by 2002 Standard, (93 SNA) by the Department of National Accounts, Economic and Social Research Institute Cabinet Office, Government of Japan.

					(Unit:%)
		Social Securit	y Expenditure		
Fiscal year	Total	Medical Care	Pensions	Welfare & Others	National Income
1951	24.6	24.5	2	4.9	_
1952	39.7	42.9	3	6.2	17.6
1953	17.5	28.8		4.8	15.1
1954	49.0	15.7		4.3	9.8
1955	1.4	12.1		7.3	5.8
1956	2.4	5.2		0.3	13.2
1957	9.3	10.2		8.3	12.3
1958	16.6	▲ 5.6		9.8	5.8
1959	13.7	20.2		9.2	17.7
1960	13.4	16.6		0.9	22.2
1961	20.6	30.9		2.2	19.2
1962	16.7	22.1		1.6	11.3
1963	21.6	25.2		7.9	17.9
1964	20.2	24.5		5.3	14.0
1965	19.0	24.7	14.8	9.7	11.5
1966	16.4	17.8	19.7	9.2	18.0
1967	15.9	16.9	17.8	11.0	18.7
1968	15.9	16.7	18.0	11.4	16.4
1969	14.6	15.6	18.9	5.7	19.2
1970	22.6	22.3	23.5	22.3	17.1
1971	14.2	8.4	19.0	27.7	8.0
1972	23.8	24.9	21.3	23.9	18.2
1973	25.6	21.9	35.5	23.4	23.0
1974	44.2	37.8	59.8	40.8	17.4
1975	30.4	21.0	45.0	33.5	10.2
1976	23.3	19.2	37.6	8.8	13.2
1977	16.3	12.0	23.3	13.0	10.9
1978	17.1	16.9	19.0	13.0	10.3
1979	11.2	9.6	14.6	6.8	6.1
1980	12.7	9.8	16.4	11.2	11.5
1981	11.3	7.4	15.2	11.5	4.2
1982	9.2	7.7	10.8	8.6	3.8
1983	6.2	5.5	8.0	2.7	5.1
1984	5.2	3.6	7.2	3.5	5.1
1985	6.1	5.3	9.3	▲ 2.5	7.4
1986	8.2	6.1	11.1	3.9	2.7
1987	5.6	5.6	6.5	1.4	5.1
1988	4.2	4.2	5.3	▲ 0.1	7.9
1989	5.7	5.1	7.1	1.6	6.0
1990	5.2	4.9	6.7	▲ 0.3	8.1
1991	6.2	6.1	6.5	4.5	6.5
1992	7.4	7.4	7.0	9.4	▲ 0.5
1993	5.5	4.1	6.0	8.6	<b>▲</b> 0.1
1994	6.5	4.9	6.8	10.6	1.4
1995	7.0	5.2	8.0	8.8	0.1
1996	4.4	4.7	4.3	3.4	1.3
1997	2.8	0.5	4.1	4.0	1.0
1998	3.9	0.4	5.5	8.0	▲ 2.7
1999	4.0	3.9	3.9	5.0	<b>▲</b> 1.5
2000	4.1	<b>▲</b> 1.5	3.2	25.0	1.3
2001	4.2	2.4	3.3	11.6	▲ 2.9
2002	2.7	▲ 1.4	4.2	6.0	▲ 1.4
2003	0.8	1.3	0.9	▲ 0.4	0.7
2004	1.6	2.0	1.6	0.8	0.7

# Table 3 Annual rates of increase in Social Security Expenditure and National Income, fiscal years 1951-2004 (Unit:%)

Fiscal year		Social Security Expenditure per head National Income							
3	1,000yen	Index	1,000yen	Index					
	1,000 join	1973 = 100	1,000 your	1973 = 100					
1951	1.9	3.3	52.5						
				6.0					
1952	2.6	4.5	60.8	6.9					
1953	3.0	5.2	69.0	7.8					
1954	4.4	7.7	74.7	8.5					
1955	4.4	7.7	78.2	8.9					
1956	4.4	7.7	87.6	10.0					
1957	4.8	8.4	97.6	11.1					
1958	5.5	9.6	102.3	11.6					
1959	6.2	10.8	119.2	13.6					
1960	7.0	12.2	144.5	16.4					
1961	8.4	14.6	170.6	19.4					
1962	9.7	16.9	188.1	21.4					
1963	11.7	20.4	219.5	25.0					
1964	13.7	23.9	247.6	28.2					
1965	16.2	28.2	273.2	31.1					
1966	18.9	32.9	319.6	36.4					
1967	21.6	37.7	375.0	42.7					
1968	24.8	43.2	431.7	42.7					
1969	28.0	48.9	508.7	57.9					
1970	33.7	58.7	586.0	66.7					
1971	37.9	66.1	621.7	70.7					
1972	46.3	80.8	724.9	82.5					
1973	57.4	100.0	879.1	100.0					
1974	81.6	142.3	1,018.1	115.8					
1975	105.1	183.3	1,108.7	126.1					
1976	128.4	223.8	1,242.4	141.3					
1977	147.9	257.9	1,364.7	155.2					
1978	171.7	299.3	1,492.2	169.7					
1979	189.3	329.9	1,569.6	178.5					
1980	211.6	368.9	1,737.3	197.6					
1981	233.8	407.5	1,798.1	204.5					
1982	253.5	441.9	1,854.1	210.9					
1983	267.5	466.3	1,935.9	220.2					
1984	279.6	487.4	2,022.2	230.0					
1985	294.8	513.8	2,158.3	245.5					
1986	317.2	553.0	2,204.8	250.8					
1987	333.2	580.9	2,306.9	262.4					
1987	345.9	603.0	2,300.9	281.9					
1988	364.3	635.0	2,616.7	297.6					
1989	364.3	665.9	2,819.3	320.7					
1990	404.2	704.6	2,819.3	340.3					
1992	432.5	754.0	2,966.9	337.5					
1993	455.3	793.7	2,955.7	336.2					
1994	483.7	843.1	2,987.6	339.8					
1995	515.5	898.6	2,982.3	339.2					
1996	536.7	935.5	3,014.1	342.9					
1997	550.2	959.1	3,035.3	345.3					
1998	570.3	994.3	2,946.5	335.2					
1999	592.3	1,032.6	2,895.6	329.4					
2000	615.5	1,073.0	2,928.6	333.1					
2001	639.5	1,114.8	2,838.0	322.8					
2002	655.8	1,143.1	2,792.7	317.7					
2003	660.3	1,151.1	2,808.5	319.5					
2004	670.8	1,169.3	2,827.3	321.6					

 Table 4
 Social Security Expenditure and National Income per head of population, fiscal years 1951-2004

					,	Total		(A)To	otal
Fiscal year	Pension benefits	Medical care benefits	Welfare service benefits	Subsidies for employees		Annual rate of increase	% of total (A)	Social Security Expenditure	Annual rate of increase
	Hundreds of millions of yen	%	%	Hundreds of millions of yen	%				
1973	10,756	4,289	596	-	15,641	_	25.0	62,587	_
1974	19,204	6,652	877	_	26,733	70.9	29.6	90,270	44.2
1975	28,924	8,666	1,164	_	38,754	45.0	32.9	117,693	30.4
1976	40,697	10,780	1,489	—	52,966	36.7	36.5	145,165	23.3
1977	50,942	12,872	1,798	_	65,612	23.9	38.9	168,868	16.3
1978	61,329	15,948	2,060	_	79,337	20.9	40.1	197,763	17.1
1979	70,896	18,503	2,306	_	91,705	15.6	41.7	219,832	11.2
1980	83,675	21,269	2,570	_	107,514	17.2	43.4	247,736	12.7
1981	97,903	24,280	2,822	_	125,005	16.3	45.4	275,638	11.3
1982	109,552	27,450	3,129	_	140,131	12.1	46.6	300,973	9.2
1983	120,122	32,660	3,306	_	156,088	11.4	48.8	319,733	6.2
1984	130,497	35,534	3,467	_	169,498	8.6	50.4	336,396	5.2
1985	144,549	40,070	3,668	_	188,287	11.1	52.8	356,798	6.1
1986	163,140	43,584	4,316	_	211,040	12.1	54.7	385,918	8.2
1987	175,081	46,638	4,278	_	225,997	7.1	55.5	407,337	5.6
1988	185,889	49,824	4,569	—	240,282	6.3	56.6	424,582	4.2
1989	201,126	53,730	5,106	—	259,962	8.2	57.9	448,822	5.7
1990	216,182	57,331	5,749	—	279,262	7.4	59.1	472,203	5.2
1991	231,909	61,976	6,552	—	300,437	7.6	59.9	501,346	6.2
1992	249,728	66,685	7,456	—	323,869	7.8	60.2	538,280	7.4
1993	266,199	71,394	8,171	—	345,764	6.8	60.9	568,039	5.5
1994	286,248	77,804	9,066	—	373,118	7.9	61.7	604,727	6.5
1995	311,565	84,525	10,902	117	407,109	9.1	62.9	647,314	7.0
1996	326,713	92,166	11,537	369	430,784	5.8	63.8	675,475	4.4
1997	341,699	96,392	12,743	567	451,401	4.8	65.0	694,163	2.8
1998	362,379	101,092	13,797	773	478,041	5.9	66.3	721,411	3.9
1999	378,061	109,443	15,106	954	503,564	5.3	67.1	750,417	4.0
2000	391,729	103,469	35,698	1,086	531,982	5.6	68.1	781,272	4.1
2001	406,178	107,216	44,873	1,250	559,517	5.2	68.7	814,007	4.2
2002	425,025	107,125	50,792	1,437	584,379	4.4	69.9	835,666	2.7
2003	429,959	106,343	55,387	1,489	593,178	1.5	70.4	842,668	0.8
2004	438,143	105,879	61,125	1,389	606,537	2.3	70.8	856,469	1.6

**Table 5** Social Security Expenditure for the elderly, fiscal years 1973-2004

Note: The applicable age group for the healthcare system for the elderly was raised by five years in October 2002, from the over-70s to the over-75s; thus it is necessary to bear in mind that the above figures for elderly healthcare benefits in 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 differ in terms of their applicable age range. According to the "2004 National Medical Care Expenditure (Estimates) (Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare)," the rate of increase in the national medical expenses for the over-75s rose by 0.5% in 2002, by 3.8% in 2003, and by 5.7% in 2004 (compared with each previous year).

								Total		
						Total				
Fiscal year	Family allowance	Child allowance	Child rearing allowance	Child welfare service	Parent leave allowance		Maternity allowance		Annual rate of increase	% of total
	Hundred of millions of yen	%	%							
1975	1,829	1,444	385	3,549	—	5,378	1,229	6,608	-	5.6
1976	2,333	1,691	642	4,258	—	6,591	915	7,505	13.6	5.2
1977	2,509	1,695	814	4,802	—	7,311	1,702	9,013	20.1	5.3
1978	2,834	1,719	1,114	5,243	-	8,076	1,683	9,759	8.3	4.9
1979	3,180	1,785	1,396	5,744	-	8,924	1,668	10,591	8.5	4.8
1980	3,560	1,778	1,782	5,998	_	9,558	1,639	11,197	5.7	4.5
1981	3,790	1,641	2,149	6,225	-	10,014	2,149	12,163	8.6	4.4
1982	4,109	1,660	2,449	6,386	-	10,494	2,240	12,735	4.7	4.2
1983	4,365	1,650	2,715	6,138	-	10,503	2,260	12,763	0.2	4.0
1984	4,544	1,637	2,908	6,408	-	10,952	2,641	13,593	6.5	4.0
1985	4,617	1,589	3,027	6,836	_	11,453	3,060	14,513	6.8	4.1
1986	4,604	1,605	3,000	7,635	_	12,239	3,161	15,401	6.1	4.0
1987	4,574	1,558	3,016	7,356	-	11,931	3,150	15,080	▲ 2.1	3.7
1988	4,500	1,488	3,012	7,555	-	12,055	3,105	15,160	0.5	3.6
1989	4,465	1,454	3,011	8,046	-	12,511	2,990	15,501	2.3	3.5
1990	4,449	1,391	3,059	8,532	_	12,981	3,005	15,986	3.1	3.4
1991	4,439	1,381	3,058	9,327	-	13,766	3,104	16,870	5.5	3.4
1992	5,267	2,173	3,094	9,691	-	14,958	3,692	18,650	10.6	3.5
1993	5,072	1,942	3,130	10,424	6	15,502	3,775	19,277	3.4	3.4
1994	4,928	1,710	3,218	10,768	5	15,701	4,224	19,925	3.4	3.3
1995	5,112	1,612	3,500	11,177	327	16,616	4,753	21,369	7.2	3.3
1996	5,201	1,536	3,666	13,312	507	19,021	4,594	23,615	10.5	3.5
1997	5,304	1,497	3,807	12,809	559	18,672	4,585	23,258	<b>▲</b> 1.5	3.4
1998	5,370	1,486	3,885	13,336	603	19,310	4,687	23,997	3.2	3.3
1999	5,524	1,547	3,977	14,188	643	20,355	4,617	24,972	4.1	3.3
2000	7,116	2,917	4,199	14,963	721	22,801	4,618	27,419	9.8	3.5
2001	8,574	4,062	4,512	15,875	1,078	25,527	4,606	30,133	9.9	3.7
2002	8,964	4,315	4,649	16,765	1,241	26,970	4,543	31,513	4.6	3.8
2003	9,158	4,365	4,792	16,724	1,304	27,186	4,440	31,626	0.4	3.8
2004	11,236	5,909	5,327	13,857	1,370	26,463	4,443	30,906	▲ 2.3	3.6

### **Table 6** Social Security Expenditure for child and family, fiscal years 1975-2004

	Fiscal Year	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	-			2004
								2001	2002	2003	
	Total	64,731,417	67,547,515	69,416,332	72,141,071	75,041,726	78,127,238	81,400,724	83,566,605	84,266,791	85,646,871
	Medical insurance	14,623,415	15,019,579	14,665,248	14,360,954	14,436,281	14,572,699	14,791,576	14,439,575	14,711,798	15,276,653
	Health and Medical Services for the Aged	8,582,796	9,300,376	9,777,650	10,188,446	11,026,058	10,447,419	10,804,055	10,801,187	10,722,379	10,675,977
	Long-term care insurance	-	—	-	-	—	3,252,114	4,122,775	4,666,117	5,110,400	5,577,221
Expe	Pension benefits	31,156,538	32,671,304	34,169,859	36,237,881	37,806,127	39,172,913	40,617,812	42,502,502	42,995,871	43,814,337
Expenditure	Employment insurance etc.	2,207,155	2,209,495	2,313,828	2,703,379	2,836,289	2,664,958	2,713,358	2,619,154	2,024,562	1,528,279
e (millions	Workmen's accident compensation insurance	1,028,878	1,045,874	1,054,426	1,044,118	1,025,530	1,018,528	1,015,412	982,922	973,367	958,723
ons of	Family allowance	511,187	520,129	530,420	537,013	552,367	711,649	857,359	896,364	915,765	1,123,641
of yen)	Public assistance	1,484,894	1,502,467	1,606,257	1,682,009	1,814,815	1,929,889	2,060,403	2,186,944	2,365,553	2,552,832
	Social welfare	2,603,244	2,832,488	2,915,792	3,082,738	3,312,714	2,186,116	2,315,279	2,460,662	2,469,655	2,312,399
	Public health	606,661	594,807	560,325	545,734	547,837	563,047	568,112	551,989	601,165	543,981
	Gratuities for retired public employees	1,720,624	1,659,031	1,599,757	1,547,077	1,486,055	1,419,745	1,350,930	1,280,425	1,204,272	1,193,156
	Aid for war victims	206,023	191,963	222,770	211,723	197,651	188,161	183,654	178,763	172,005	89,672
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Medical insurance	22.6	22.2	21.1	19.9	19.2	18.7	18.2	17.3	17.5	17.8
	Health and Medical Services for the Aged	13.3	13.8	14.1	14.1	14.7	13.4	13.3	12.9	12.7	12.5
	Long-term care insurance	-	-	-	-	-	4	5.1	5.6	6.1	6.5
-	Pension benefits	48.1	48.4	49.2	50.2	50.4	50.1	49.9	50.9	51.0	51.2
Ratio t	Employment insurance etc.	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.8	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.4	1.8
to the tc	Workmen's accident compensation insurance	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1
total (%)	Family allowance	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3
5)	Public assistance	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0
	Social welfare	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.7
	Public health	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
	Gratuities for retired public employees	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4
	Aid for war victims	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1

 Table 7
 Social Security Expenditure by institutional scheme, fiscal years 1995-2004

Notes: 1. Health and Medical Services for the Aged include public health measures (e.g., medical check-ups and counseling)

2. Family allowance includes income support for single parent families and for handicapped children.

3. Employment insurance, etc. includes unemployment benefits, etc. by both Employment Insurance and Seamen's Insurance.

4. The applicable age group for the healthcare system for the elderly was raised by five years in October 2002, from the over-70s to the over-75s; thus it is necessary to bear in mind that the above figures for elderly healthcare benefits in 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 differ in terms of their applicable age range. According to the "2004 National Medical Care Expenditure (Estimates) (Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare)," the rate of increase in the national medical expenses for the over-75s rose by 0.5% in 2002, by 3.8% in 2003, and by 5.7% in 2004 (compared with each previous year).

#### Table 8 Social Security Expenditure by functional category, fiscal years 2000-2004.

	2000	2001	2002	,	nit: Million of ye
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Social Security Expenditure	78,127,238	81,400,724	83,566,605	84,266,791	85,646,87
I Old age	36,827,004	38,950,874	41,238,195	42,007,917	43,192,16
Cash benefits	33,292,829	34,530,579	36,246,586	36,569,425	37,188,02
Normal retirement pension	32,676,547	33,928,365	35,190,854	35,987,688	36,724,18
Early retirement pension					
Lump sum payments	_	_	_	_	
	500 700	550 705	005 544	540.000	400.00
Retirement grants	586,709	552,735	995,544	518,800	402,66
Other cash benefits	29,573	49,479	60,187	62,937	61,17
Benefits in kind	3,534,175	4,420,295	4,991,610	5,438,491	6,004,13
II Survivors	5,874,743	6,005,681	6,087,524	6,168,727	6,252,73
Cash benefits	5,873,870	6,004,892	6,086,813	6,168,104	6,252,22
Survivors' pension	5,754,698	5,884,224	5,966,577	6,048,610	6,147,19
•					
Lump sum payments	11,301	11,163	10,299	10,378	11,43
Survivors grants	-	-	-	-	
Other cash benefits	107,871	109,506	109,937	109,116	93,59
Benefits in kind	873	789	711	623	5 <sup>-</sup>
Funeral expenses	_	_	_	_	
Other	873	789	711	623	5'
III Invalidity benefits	1,874,664	1,905,079	1,939,278	1,949,525	1,973,14
Cash benefits	1,670,284	1,692,407	1,715,825	1,727,152	1,749,18
Full invalidity pension	1,623,413	1,645,877	1,669,335	1,680,606	1,702,19
Partial invalidity pension	-	-	-	_	
Early retirement pension	_	_	_	_	
Lump sum payments	348	343	350	386	3
	340	545	350	300	3
Invalidity grants	-	-	-	_	
Other cash benefits	46,523	46,179	46,140	46,161	46,6
Benefits in kind	204,380	212,672	223,452	222,373	223,9
IV Employment injury	1,037,704	1,034,645	1,001,203	991,249	976,2
Cash benefits to the insured	496,743	494,757	481,670	473,042	461,6
		-			
Temporary cash benefits	188,542	186,819	178,465	172,921	166,4
Long-term cash benefits (pensions)	238,348	238,050	235,370	233,322	230,5
Other cash benefits	69,853	69,888	67,834	66,798	64,6
Cash benefits survivors	266,317	267,952	271,298	271,656	269,54
Periodic benefit	243,617	245,343	248,466	248,539	247,2
		-			
Other cash benefits	22,700	22,609	22,832	23,117	22,33
Benefits in kind	274,645	271,936	248,235	246,551	245,12
Medical care	272,805	269,986	246,046	244,280	242,73
Other benefits in kind	1,839	1,950	2,189	2,271	2,3
V Sickness and health	25,640,763	26,208,481	25,837,414	26,085,055	26,546,6
Cash benefits	946,355	928,655	913,037	897,011	904,6
		-			
Sickness benefits	269,362	251,035	240,733	235,582	243,3
Maternity benefits	461,623	460,350	454,080	443,724	444,0
Other cash benefits	215,370	217,270	218,225	217,705	217,2
Benefits in kind (health)	24,694,408	25,279,826	24,924,378	25,188,045	25,641,9
VI Family benefits	2,282,577	2,555,851	2,700,094	2,721,735	2,649,4
Cash benefits	786,251	968,323	1,023,623	1,049,291	1,263,7
Periodic cash payments	786,251	968,323	1,023,623	1,049,291	1,263,7
Other cash benefits	-	-	-	-	
Benefits in kind	1,496,326	1,587,528	1,676,471	1,672,444	1,385,6
VII Unemployment	2,627,083	2,652,439	2,547,179	1,947,088	1,444,23
Cash benefits	2,627,083		2,547,179	1,947,088	1,444,2
		2,652,439		, ,	
Regular Unemployment benefits	2,183,121	2,255,704	2,152,741	1,631,601	1,212,0
Special periodic payments	272,407	250,397	242,050	166,847	149,8
Severance/redundancy payments	-	-	-	_	
Other cash benefits	171,555	146,339	152,388	148,640	82,3
Benefits in kind			_	_	- /-
	100.010	000.050	050 004	070 000	242.0
VIII Housing	198,619	220,058	250,321	279,623	313,0
Cash benefits	198,619	220,058	250,321	279,623	313,0
Rent subsidy	198,619	220,058	250,321	279,623	313,0
Benefits in kind		_	_	· –	
Rent support	_	_	_	_	
		_	_	_	
Subsidies to home owners	-	-	-	_	
Other cash benefits	-	_	_	_	
IX Social assistance and others	1,764,080	1,867,616	1,965,398	2,115,873	2,299,2
Cash benefits	656,587	696,762	765,015	823,449	879,1
Periodic cash payments	651,379	692,053	759,912	817,534	869,2
Other cash payments	5,208	4,709	5,103	5,916	9,8
Benefits in kind	1,107,493	1,170,855	1,200,383	1,292,424	1,420,1

Note: Table 8 has been calculated in accordance with the standards of the ILO's "The Cost of Social Security 19<sup>th</sup> International Inquiry."

#### Table 9 Cost of Social Security in fiscal year 2004 according to the ILO standards (Unit: Million of yen)

			Rec	eipts	(0111.	Million of yen)
Social Security schemes	Contrit	outions	Social	State	Other public	Income from
	Insured persons	Employers	Security Special Tax	participation	authorities	capital
Social insurance:						
1. Health Insurance						
(A)Government-managed	3,232,733	3,233,843		900,162		8
(B)Society-managed	2,841,703	3,489,664		11,358		73,316
2. National Health Insurance	4,010,124	_		4,277,878	1,185,575	_
Medical Care Service Program for Retired Employees(republished)	663,225	_	—	_	_	_
3. Health and Medical Services for the Aged	_	_	_	2,608,044	1,302,260	_
4. Long-term care insurance	956,452			1,424,915	1,652,301	121
5. Employees' Pension Insurance	9,726,850	9,726,850	_	4,322,860		3,693,356
6. Employees' Pension Funds, etc.	408,551	1,504,637		486		1,687,430
7. National Pension	1,935,434			1,614,804		273,674
8. Farmers' Pension Fund, etc.	170,298			153,024	_	113,358
9. Seamen's Insurance	21,047	44,129		4,891	_	1,531
<ol> <li>Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Organization, Employees' Mutual Aid Association</li> </ol>	_	13,538	_	3,468		4,639
11. Promotion and Mutual Aid Corporation for Private Schools of Japan	237,863	232,530		50,308	7,745	57,125
12. Employment Insurance	1,021,759	1,535,002		476,744	_	1,542
13. Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance		1,044,726		1,307		109,698
Family allowance:						
14. Child Allowance	—	187,523		293,168	186,162	-
Public employees:						
15. National and related public service Mutual Aid Association	755,842	1,244,920	—	153,585	—	207,545
16. Existing Associations, etc.	—	354,265		625		23,658
17. Local Government Employees' Mutual Aid Association	2,208,962	3,466,205		596	385,770	751,512
18. Yahata Mutual Aid Association, etc.	—	557		13,718		40
19. Government Employees' Accident Compensation	_	12,335		_		
20. Local Government Employees' Accident Compensation	0	26,327				1,916
21. Public Corporation Staffs' Accident Compensation	—	6,287				
22. National Public Employees' Pensions	921	41,758		143		
23. Local Public Employees' Pensions (gratuity)		60,488				
Public health service:						
24. Public Health	—		_	486,977	254,810	
Public assistance & social welfare:						
25. Public assistance				1,952,750	647,617	
26. Social welfare				1,763,450	1,313,442	
War victims:						
27. Aid for war victims				1,185,976		
Total	27,528,537	26,225,584	—	21,701,236	6,935,682	7,000,469

#### continued (No. 2)

(Unit: M	illion of yen)
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						t: Million of yen)
		Red	ceipts			ditures
					Ben	efits
Social Security schemes	Other receipets	Subtotal	Transfer from	Total receipets	Sickness &	& Childbirth
			other schemes		Medical care	Cash benefits
Social insurance:						
1. Health Insurance						
(A)Government-managed	24,299	7,391,046	161	7,391,206	3,582,271	304,115
(B)Society-managed	370,814	6,786,854	—	6,786,854	2,740,057	245,396
2. National Health Insurance	457,071	9,930,647	1,834,111	11,764,758	7,153,957	97,688
Medical Care Service	- 1	663,225	1,834,111	2,497,336	2,057,584	_
Program for Retired						
Employees(republished)						
3. Health and Medical	—	3,910,305	6,634,021	10,544,326	10,587,914	—
Services for the Aged 4. Long-term care insurance	104,759	4,138,548	1,799,008	5,937,557		
5. Employees' Pension	17,845	27,487,759	7,494,808	34,982,567		
Insurance	17,645	27,467,759	7,494,000	54,962,507	_	_
6. Employees' Pension Funds, etc.	37,571	3,638,675	85,188	3,723,863	—	_
7. National Pension	1,544,137	5,368,049	12,472,571	17,840,621	—	—
8. Farmers' Pension Fund, etc.	19,539	456,219	—	456,219	_	_
9. Seamen's Insurance	881	72,479	—	72,479	16,463	1,989
10. Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery	710,075	731,720	221	731,941		_
Organization, Employees' Mutual Aid Association						
11. Promotion and Mutual Aid Corporation for Private Schools of Japan	1,110	586,680	18,996	605,676	88,528	8,167
12. Employment Insurance	22,046	3,057,094	—	3,057,094	_	82,754
13. Workmen's Accident	252,180	1,407,911	—	1,407,911	_	_
Compensation Insurance						
Family allowance:						
14. Child Allowance	1,724	668,577		668,577		
Public employees:						
15. National and related public service Mutual Aid Association	45,332	2,407,223	243,694	2,650,917	215,835	20,568
16. Existing Associations, etc.	317	378,865		378,865		
17. Local Government Employees'	16,409	6,829,454	391,908	7,221,362	620,743	84,167
Mutual Aid Association	10,100	0,020,101	001,000	7,221,002	020,710	01,101
18. Yahata Mutual Aid Association, etc.	—	14,316		14,316	60	1,700
19. Government Employees' Accident Compensation	—	12,335	_	12,335	_	_
20. Local Government Employees' Accident Compensation	2,942	31,186		31,186		
21. Public Corporation Staffs' Accident Compensation	—	6,287		6,287		
22. National Public		42,821		42,821	—	
Employees' Pensions 23. Local Public Employees' Pensions		60,488		60,488		
(gratuity)		00,400		00,400		
Public health service:						
24. Public Health	—	741,787	_	741,787	466,930	108,990
Public assistance & social welfare:						
25. Public assistance	—	2,600,366	_	2,600,366	1,319,761	253
26. Social welfare	—	3,076,892	—	3,076,892	117,208	_
War victims:						
27. Aid for war victims	-	1,185,976	—	1,185,976	1,222	_
Total	3,629,050	93,020,560	30,974,687	123,995,246	26,910,949	955,786

#### continued (No. 3)

Social Security schemes		Work-related		Benefits										
Social Security schemes		Work-related	Work-related accidents											
Social Security schemes			d accidents											
			Cash	benefits										
1. Health Insurance	Medical care	Other than medical care	Pensions	Cash benefits other than pensions	Pensions	Unemployment labor marked measures	Family benefits							
Social insurance:														
1. Health Insurance														
(A)Government-managed	_	_	_	_	_	_	_							
(B)Society-managed	_		_											
2. National Health Insurance	_													
Medical Care Service														
Program for Retired Employees(republished)						_								
3. Health and Medical	-	_		_			_							
Services for the Aged														
4. Long-term care insurance			—	- 1	-	_								
5. Employees' Pension Insurance	_	_	_	—	21,538,042	—								
6. Employees' Pension Funds, etc.	-	—	_	-	1,807,630	—								
7. National Pension	-	—	-	-	13,923,039	_								
8. Farmers' Pension Fund, etc.	-	_	_		192,956	_								
9. Seamen's Insurance	4,506	_	5,709	2,099		3,129								
10. Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Organization, Employees' Mutual Aid Association					51,625									
11. Promotion and Mutual Aid Corporation for Private Schools of Japan	_	_	_	—	225,209	_								
12. Employment Insurance	-	_	_	-	_	1,441,107	_							
13. Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance	227,168	2,345	480,004	192,260	—	—								
Family allowance:														
14. Child Allowance	-	—	-	-	_	—	590,923							
Public employees:														
15. National and related public service Mutual Aid Association	-	—	4,043	—	1,673,817	—	-							
16. Existing Associations, etc.	-	_	4,873	-	37,434	_	_							
17. Local Government Employees' Mutual Aid Association	_	_	6,531	_	4,344,262	—								
18. Yahata Mutual Aid Association, etc.	-	—	_	—	4,875	—								
19. Government Employees' Accident Compensation	3,966	17	6,444	1,907		—	_							
20. Local Government Employees' Accident Compensation	7,069	26	16,724	4,291										
21. Public Corporation Staffs' Accident Compensation	27		6,227	33										
22. National Public Employees' Pensions	_	—		_	42,678	_	_							
23. Local Public Employees' Pensions (gratuity)	_				60,488									
Public health service:														
24. Public Health		_	_	_	1,885	_								
Public assistance & social welfare: 25. Public assistance						_								
26. Social welfare	-		_	-	—	—	532,718							
War victims: 27. Aid for war victims	_	_	_	_	1,084,333	_	_							
	242,737	2,388	530,555	200,589	44,988,274									

#### continued (No. 4)

				Expenditure		(Unit: Million of yen)		
			Benefits					
Social Security schemes	Long-te	erm care		ners		Administrative	Operating	
	Benefit in kind	Cash benefits	Other than medical care	Cash benefits	Total	costs	loss	
Social insurance:								
1. Health Insurance								
(A)Government-managed		—	—	19,763	3,906,149	55,130	_	
(B)Society-managed				14,444	2,999,898	123,483	_	
2. National Health Insurance			_	36,747	7,288,392	224,359	_	
Medical Care Service Program for Retired Employees(republished)		_		_	2,057,584	_		
<ol> <li>Health and Medical Services for the Aged</li> </ol>	_				10,587,914	_		
4. Long-term care insurance	5,517,026	60,195		—	5,577,221	199,192	_	
5. Employees' Pension Insurance	—	—	—	—	21,538,042	83,986	_	
6. Employees' Pension Funds, etc.	—			—	1,807,630	147,253	2,904	
7. National Pension	—			—	13,923,039	132,079	_	
8. Farmers' Pension Fund, etc.				_	192,956	11,655	-	
9. Seamen's Insurance		2		568	34,465	1,754	_	
<ol> <li>Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Organization, Employees' Mutual Aid Association</li> </ol>	_	_		_	51,625	2,330	_	
11. Promotion and Mutual Aid Corporation for Private Schools of Japan	_	_	_	2,010	323,914	4,050	_	
12. Employment Insurance		1,290		—	1,525,150	116,271		
13. Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance	_	_	_	_	901,777	47,767	_	
Family allowance:								
14. Child Allowance	_		60,443	_	651,367	2,140	_	
Public employees:								
15. National and related public service Mutual Aid Association	—	77	—	4,707	1,919,046	6,745	-	
16. Existing Associations, etc.	_		_	—	42,307	1,748	_	
17. Local Government Employees' Mutual Aid Association	—	1,019	_	13,514	5,070,237	36,048	_	
18. Yahata Mutual Aid Association, etc.	—	—	_	_	6,635	229		
19. Government Employees' Accident Compensation	_	_	_	_	12,335	_	_	
20. Local Government Employees' Accident Compensation	_	_	_	_	28,109	1,912	_	
21. Public Corporation Staffs' Accident Compensation		_		—	6,287	—	_	
22. National Public Employees' Pensions	—	—	—	—	42,678	143	_	
23. Local Public Employees' Pensions (gratuity)	—	—		—	60,488	-	_	
Public health service:								
24. Public Health	3,499	_	50,739	1	632,044	2,240	_	
Public assistance & social welfare:								
25. Public assistance	45,779	_	—	1,187,040	2,552,832	47,534	_	
26. Social welfare	_		2,087,406	47,342	2,784,673	17,546	_	
War victims:				,				
27. Aid for war victims	_	_	517	93,591	1,179,662	6,314	_	
Total	5,566,304	62,582	2,199,105	1,419,726	85,646,871	1,271,905	2,904	

#### continued (No. 5)

		E	xpenditure		Unit: Million of yen Difference
Social Security schemes	Others	Subtotal	Transfer to other schemes	Total expenditures	between receipts and expenditures (balance of payments)
Social insurance:					
1. Health Insurance					
(A)Government-managed	224,434	4,185,712	3,112,677	7,298,389	92,818
(B)Society-managed	502,501	3,625,882	2,572,306	6,198,188	588,666
2. National Health Insurance	521,489	8,034,240	3,501,798	11,536,037	228,721
Medical Care Service Program for Retired Employees(republished)	—	2,057,584	—	2,057,584	439,753
3. Health and Medical Services for the Aged	46,605	10,634,519	—	10,634,519	▲ 90,193
4. Long-term care insurance	103,895	5,880,308	197	5,880,504	57,052
5. Employees' Pension Insurance	145,803	21,767,832	10,879,479	32,647,311	2,335,256
6. Employees' Pension Funds, etc.	28,361	1,986,148	—	1,986,148	1,737,715
7. National Pension	39,819	14,094,937	2,189,107	16,284,044	1,556,577
8. Farmers' Pension Fund, etc.	9,431	214,042	—	214,042	242,177
9. Seamen's Insurance	1,857	38,076	28,775	66,850	5,628
<ol> <li>Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Organization, Employees' Mutual Aid Association</li> </ol>	675,637	729,592	2,349	731,941	C
11. Promotion and Mutual Aid Corporation for Private Schools of Japan	1,216	329,180	237,636	566,816	38,860
12. Employment Insurance	344,093	1,985,514	—	1,985,514	1,071,580
13. Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance	176,894	1,126,437	_	1,126,437	281,474
amily allowance:					
14. Child Allowance	8,153	661,660	—	661,660	6,917
Public employees: 15. National and related public service Mutual Aid Association	6,871	1,932,663	646,626	2,579,289	71,627
16. Existing Associations, etc.	7	44,061	451.775	495,836	▲ 116,971
17. Local Government Employees' Mutual Aid Association	1,024	5,107,309	1,820,466	6,927,775	293,588
18. Yahata Mutual Aid Association, etc.	7,436	14,300	—	14,300	16
19. Government Employees' Accident Compensation	_	12,335	—	12,335	C
20. Local Government Employees' Accident Compensation	1,099	31,120	—	31,120	66
21. Public Corporation Staffs' Accident Compensation	_	6,287	—	6,287	C
22. National Public Employees' Pensions	_	42,821	—	42,821	C
23. Local Public Employees' Pensions (gratuity) Public health service:	_	60,488	_	60,488	C
24. Public Health	107,503	741,787	_	741,787	C
Public assistance & social welfare:		0.000.005		0.000.005	-
25. Public assistance		2,600,366		2,600,366	0
26. Social welfare	274,672	3,076,892	—	3,076,892	(
Nar victims:					
27. Aid for war victims	—	1,185,976	—	1,185,976	(
Total	3,228,801	90,150,482	25,443,190	115,593,672	8,401,574

- Note: 1. Table 9 has been calculated in accordance with the standards of the ILO's "The Cost of Social Security 18th International Inquiry." The estimates were made through the annual settlement of each scheme's accounts for fiscal year 2004.
  - 2. "Health and Medical Services for the Aged" includes only medical care benefits and grants for nursing homes and excludes other health services such as medical check-ups and counseling, which are included in "Public health."
  - 3. "National Pension" includes the welfare pension and the universal basic pensions.
  - 4. The income from capital of Employees' Pension Insurance and National Pension is estimated with reference to the Annual Report of Capital Gain of Pensions' Funds for fiscal year 2004. The estimated sum includes an inherited gain and loss from the previous scheme.
  - 5. "Employees' Pension Fund, etc." includes the Load Mining Pension Fund.
  - 6. "Farmers' Pension Fund, etc." includes the National Pension Fund.
  - 7. "Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Organization, Employees' Mutual Aid Association" was amalgamated into Employees' Pension Insurance on April 1, 2002; however, the third tier of the original pension scheme remained in the former organization.
  - 8. "Public health" includes public grants for the treatment of tuberculosis, etc.
  - 9. "Family benefits" include not only child allowances but also income support for single parent families and handicapped children.
  - 10. As of April 1997, short-term benefits (i.e., medical benefits) of "Public Corporations Staff Mutual Aid Associations" have been transferred to society-managed health insurance, and long-term benefits (i.e., pension benefits) have been integrated into employees' pensions. Further, part of the pension benefits have also been transferred to "16. Existing Associations, etc."
  - 11. Rounding of the numbers may cause some discrepancies. After the rounding of numbers, zero represents up to one million.
  - 12. "Unemployment and labor market measures" include subsidies for elderly employees.

Explanatory notes on items from "Cost of Social Security"

- 1. Explanatory notes on receipts items
  - (i) Income from capital includes interest, dividends, rents, capital gains, profits from redemption, etc.
  - (ii) Transfers from other schemes include the following: contributions to special schemes for persons employed on a daily-wage basis in Government-managed Health Insurance and National Health Insurance; transfer payments from all health insurance schemes to the Medical Care Service Program for Retired Employees in National Health Insurance; transfer payments from all health insurance schemes to Health and Medical Services for the Aged; transfer payments from all schemes to the National Pension for contribution to universal basic pensions; transfer payments from the National Pension to other schemes for the payment of universal Basic Pensions, transfer payments from all health insurance schemes to Long-term care insurance, etc.
  - (iii) Other receipts include fees, cost-sharing, indemnities for damage, etc.
- 2. Explanatory notes on expenditure items
  - (i) Administrative costs include various costs for running offices, membership fees, transportation costs for business trips, etc.
  - (ii) Operating loss in capital market; Evaluated loss of funds at the end of the accounting year.
  - (iii) Transfers to other schemes include transfer payments from the other health insurance schemes to special schemes for persons employed on a daily-wage basis, for Retired Employees, and for Health and Medical Services for the Aged; transfer payments from Other pension schemes to the National Pension for universal Basic Pensions; transfer payments paid by the National Pension to the other schemes for the universal Basic Pension, transfer payments from all health insurance schemes to Long-term care contributions, etc.
  - (iv) Other expenditures include administrative costs for the Social Insurance Medical Fee Payment Fund, grants for constructing medical care and welfare service facilities, Maintenance fees for the facilities, etc.

							(Units. F	unureus	of millions of	yen, /o)
Fiscal year	Contribution from insured persons	%	Contribution from employers	%	Public authorities' participation	%	State participation	%	Other public authorities' participation	%
1951	568	28.1	578	28.6	738	36.5	478	23.6	260	12.9
1954	1,047	23.7	912	20.7	2,238	50.7	1,768	40.0	470	10.6
1957	1,383	23.7	2,649	45.4	1,415	24.2	1,068	18.3	346	5.9
1960	2,430	26.2	3,860	41.7	2,288	24.7	1,897	20.5	391	4.2
1961	3,038	26.3	3,514	30.4	4,053	35.1	3,629	31.4	423	3.7
1962	3,633	26.7	4,227	31.0	4,521	33.2	4,019	29.5	502	3.7
1963	4,282	26.2	5,119	31.3	5,439	33.3	4,815	29.4	624	3.8
1964	5,031	26.3	5,921	30.9	6,415	33.5	5,570	29.1	845	4.4
1965	6,475	27.0	7,293	30.4	7,792	32.5	6,798	28.3	994	4.1
1966	7,750	26.9	8,680	30.1	8,946	31.0	7,801	27.0	1,145	4.0
1967	8,814	26.1	10,213	30.2	10,303	30.5	9,023	26.7	1,280	3.8
1968	10,580	26.5	11,854	29.7	12,065	30.2	10,607	26.6	1,457	3.6
1969	13,205	29.2	13,992	30.9	13,588	30.0	11,964	26.4	1,624	3.6
1970	15,558	28.5	17,043	31.2	16,420	30.0	14,425	26.4	1,995	3.6
1971	18,638	28.7	20,743	31.9	18,481	28.4	16,285	25.1	2,196	3.4
1972	21,779	28.0	24,242	31.1	23,096	29.7	20,041	25.7	3,055	3.9
1973	26,906	27.4	30,131	30.7	30,933	31.5	26,701	27.2	4,232	4.3
1974	37,219	27.6	41,415	30.7	42,939	31.8	37,238	27.6	5,701	4.2
1975	44,238	26.4	50,826	30.4	55,421	33.1	48,519	29.0	6,903	4.1
1976	52,368	26.1	60,324	30.1	66,306	33.1	58,334	29.1	7,972	4.0
1970	62,801	26.7	70,687	30.1	77,090	32.8	68,003	29.1	9,086	4.0 3.9
1978	-									
1978	71,177	26.4	79,081	29.3	90,384	33.5	80,040	29.7	10,344	3.8
1979	78,591 88,844	26.4	86,247	28.9	100,626	33.7	89,031	29.9	11,595	3.9
1980		26.5	97,394	29.1	110,409	32.9	97,936	29.2	12,473	3.7
	100,214	26.8	109,937	29.4	119,044	31.8	105,794	28.3	13,250	3.5
1982	107,434	26.8	117,678	29.4	125,474	31.3	111,839	27.9	13,635	3.4
1983	112,755	26.9	124,646	29.7	125,644	29.9	111,057	26.5	14,587	3.5
1984	118,918	26.7	132,208	29.7	131,142	29.4	115,417	25.9	15,725	3.5
1985	131,583	27.1	144,363	29.7	138,059	28.4	117,880	24.3	20,179	4.2
1986	136,729	26.7	155,063	30.3	142,984	27.9	119,920	23.4	23,064	4.5
1987	143,348	26.9	161,273	30.2	145,322	27.2	121,474	22.8	23,848	4.5
1988	151,122	26.4	171,707	30.0	162,899	28.4	137,404	24.0	25,495	4.4
1989	163,037	27.0	188,134	31.2	153,186	25.4	127,420	21.1	25,766	4.3
1990	184,985	27.9	210,206	31.7	161,974	24.4	134,559	20.3	27,416	4.1
1991	200,343	28.3	224,342	31.7	170,286	24.1	141,106	19.9	29,180	4.1
1992	208,474	28.2	234,789	31.8	180,766	24.5	147,363	19.9	33,403	4.5
1993	216,892	28.2	242,599	31.6	188,316	24.5	153,403	20.0	34,913	4.5
1994	225,468	28.3	249,454	31.4	194,766	24.5	156,934	19.7	37,831	4.8
1995	244,146	28.7	268,075	31.5	207,901	24.4	165,683	19.5	42,219	5.0
1996	252,511	29.0	274,649	31.5	213,323	24.5	168,348	19.3	44,975	5.2
1997	262,394	29.1	285,840	31.7	217,552	24.1	171,127	19.0	46,425	5.2
1998	263,358	29.5	286,449	32.1	219,898	24.6	171,697	19.2	48,201	5.4
1999	261,087	26.9	284,271	29.3	246,626	25.4	195,064	20.1	51,562	5.3
2000	266,589	29.6	283,106	31.4	252,184	28.0	197,066	21.9	55,118	6.1
2001	274,720	30.4	286,537	31.7	266,922	29.5	207,075	22.9	59,847	6.6
2002	274,731	31.1	284,054	32.2	267,140	30.3	205,520	23.3	61,620	7.0
2003	273,797	27.0	272,505	26.9	277,853	27.4	211,415	20.9	66,438	6.6
2004	275,285	29.6	262,256	28.2	286,369	30.8	217,012	23.3	69,357	7.5

 
 Table 10
 Social Security Revenue by source, fiscal years 1951-2004 (Units: Hundreds of millions of yen, %)

<b>Table 10</b> co	ontinu	ed (Units: Hundre	eds of mi	llions of yen, %)
Income from	%	Others	%	Total
capital	70	Others	70	Total
22	1.1	117	5.8	2,023
96	2.2	124	2.8	4,417
148	2.5	245	4.2	5,839
458	4.9	224	2.4	9,260
621	5.4	319	2.8	11,545
787	5.8	448	3.3	13,616
965	5.9	549	3.4	16,353
1,203	6.3	567	3.0	19,137
1,516	6.3	921	3.8	23,996
1,938	6.7	1,536	5.3	28,850
2,459	7.3	2,030	6.0	33,820
3,087	7.7	2,349	5.9	39,933
3,925	8.7	536	1.2	45,247
4,796	8.8	864	1.6	54,681
6,158	9.5	957	1.5	64,978
7,535	9.7	1,226	1.6	77,877
9,137	9.3	1,095	1.1	98,202
11,737	8.7	1,678	1.2	134,988
14,641	8.7	2,249	1.3	167,375
17,391	8.7	4,094	2.0	200,483
20,894	8.9	3,515	1.5	234,987
23,815	8.8	5,114	1.9	269,571
27,284	9.1	5,502	1.8	298,251
32,682	9.7	5,929	1.8	335,258
38,830	10.4	6,098	1.6	374,123
44,366	11.1	5,841	1.5	400,793
49,943	11.9	6,654	1.6	419,642
55,581	12.5	7,535	1.7	445,384
62,020	12.8	9,748	2.0	485,773
68,872	13.4	8,793	1.7	512,442
71,981	13.5	11,713	2.2	533,637
74,309	13.0	13,025	2.3	573,062
77,015	12.8	21,796	3.6	603,167
83,580	12.6	22,915	3.5	663,661
89,374	12.6	23,370	3.3	707,714
90,810	12.3	24,343	3.3	739,182
95,171	12.4	25,403	3.3	768,380
93,630	11.8	32,366	4.1	795,684
98,118	11.5	33,005	3.9	851,245
96,594	11.1	34,125	3.9	871,202
104,424	11.6	31,156	3.5	901,366
89,989	10.1	32,916	3.7	892,610
144,381	14.9	34,663	3.6	971,028
64,976	7.2	34,708	3.8	901,562
43,464	4.8	32,259	3.6	903,902
16,124	1.8	40,170	4.6	882,218
152,229	15.0	36,142	3.6	1,012,526
70,005	7.5	36,291	3.9	930,206

Note: 1. Table 10 has been calculated in accordance with the standards of the ILO's "The Cost of Social Security 18<sup>th</sup> International Inquiry." However, a "Social Security special tax" does not exist in Japan, and therefore is not indicated in this chart.

2. "Public authorities' participation" is the total of "State participation" and "Other public authorities' participation." "Other public authorities" means local governments' participation.

	- <b>j</b> ,	5		(U	nit: Million of yen)
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total	90,156,212	90,390,211	88,221,802	101,252,598	93,020,560
I Social contributions	54,969,440	56,125,696	55,878,434	54,630,178	53,754,121
Employers' contributions	28,310,569	28,653,657	28,405,372	27,250,489	26,225,584
Social insurance contributions	23,154,013	23,511,410	23,334,507	22,275,300	21,323,333
from private employers					
Social insurance contributions	5,156,556	5,142,247	5,070,865	4,975,189	4,902,251
from government					
Contribution by protected persons	26,658,872	27,472,038	27,473,062	27,379,688	27,528,537
Contributions by employees	20,570,291	20,933,815	20,707,898	20,389,369	20,456,230
Contributions by self-employed	6,088,581	6,538,224	6,765,163	6,990,319	7,072,308
and pensioners					
II Taxes	25,218,359	26,692,161	26,714,015	27,785,318	28,636,919
General revenues	25,218,359	26,692,161	26,714,015	27,785,318	28,636,919
Central government	19,706,578	20,707,501	20,552,001	21,141,503	21,701,236
Other government	5,511,781	5,984,660	6,162,014	6,643,815	6,935,682
Earmarked Taxes	—	—	—	—	_
Central government	—	—	—	—	_
Other government	—	—	—	_	
III Other receipts	9,968,412	7,572,355	5,629,353	18,837,102	10,629,519
Income from Investments	6,497,578	4,346,421	1,612,356	15,222,875	7,000,469
Other	3,470,834	3,225,934	4,016,997	3,614,227	3,629,050
IV Transfers from reserves	—	_	_	_	

#### Table 11 Social Security Revenue by source, fiscal years 2000-2004

Compared with the previous year (%)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total	▲ 7.15	0.26	▲ 2.40	14.77	▲ 8.13
I Social contributions	0.80	2.10	▲ 0.44	▲ 2.23	▲ 1.60
Employers' contributions	▲ 0.41	1.21	▲ 0.87	<b>▲</b> 4.07	▲ 3.76
Social insurance contributions	▲ 0.38	1.54	▲ 0.75	▲ 4.54	▲ 4.27
from private employers					
Social insurance contributions	▲ 0.53	▲ 0.28	<b>▲</b> 1.39	▲ 1.89	▲ 1.47
from government					
Contribution by protected persons	2.11	3.05	0.00	▲ 0.34	0.54
Contributions by employees	0.84	1.77	▲ 1.08	▲ 1.54	0.33
Contributions by self-employed	6.62	7.39	3.47	3.33	1.17
and pensioners					
II Taxes	2.25	5.84	0.08	4.01	3.06
General revenues	2.25	5.84	0.08	4.01	3.06
Central government	1.03	5.08	▲ 0.75	2.87	2.65
Other government	6.90	8.58	2.96	7.82	4.39
Earmarked Taxes	—	—	—	_	_
Central government	—	_	_	_	_
Other government	_	_	_	_	_
III Other receipts	▲ 44.32	▲ 24.04	▲ 25.66	234.62	▲ 43.57
Income from Investments	▲ 55.00	▲ 33.11	▲ 62.90	844.14	▲ 54.01
Other	0.13	▲ 7.06	24.52	▲ 10.03	0.41
IV Transfers from reserves	—	_	_	_	_

Note: Table 11 has been calculated in accordance with the standards of the ILO's "The Cost of Social Security 19<sup>th</sup> International Inquiry" (excluding transfers from other schemes).

# Reference: Description of functional categories in Social Security Expenditure

Social Security Expenditure	ILO Definitions	Japan
Old age	This function covers all benefits paid to persons who have withdrawn from the labor market due to retirement.	Employee's Pension Insurance: Old-age pension National Pension: Old-age pension, Old-age welfare pension Employee's Pension Fund, Farmer's Pension Fund: Old- age pension, etc. Mutual Aid Associations: Retirement mutual aid pension Various gratuities for retired public employees Long-term care insurance benefit, welfare service for the elderly in social welfare, etc. (Note) Medical expenses for elderly are included in the "Sickness and health" category. (Note) Medical aid in public assistance is included in "Other Public Assistance".
Survivors	This function covers benefits arising from the death of a protected person.	Employee's Pension Insurance: Survivors' pension National Pension: Survivors' pension and lump sum payments Mutual Aid Associations: Survivors' pension and lump sum payments War Victims: Survivors' pension, etc. (Note) Of pensions paid to survivors, expenditures provided from the accident compensation scheme are included in the "Employment injury" category.
Invalidity benefits	Benefit paid to protected persons due to partial or total inability to participate in gainful employment due to a chronic condition.	Employee's Pension Insurance: Full invalidity pension and lump sum payments National Pension: Full invalidity pension Mutual Aid Associations: Full invalidity pension and lump sum payments Public Health: Aid for vaccination complication Social Welfare: Special allowance for child rearing, Protection expenses for physically handicapped
Employment injury	Benefit paid by a work injury program for work-related injury, disease, incapacity or death of a protected person.	Workmen's accident compensation insurance, Seamen's insurance, Public corporation Staff's accident compensations
Sickness and health	Benefit provided with a view to maintaining, restoring, or improving the health of the person protected - due to disease or injury, or maternity. (Also provides income replacement during periods of inability to work.)	Nursing and maternity benefits and invalidity benefit in health insurance schemes (Society-managed health insurance, Government-managed health insurance, and National health insurance). Mutual Aid Associations: Temporary (medical) benefit, maternity benefit, leave benefit Public Health: Aid for vaccination complication/cash benefit, etc. (Note) Expenditures provided from the workmen's accident compensation scheme are included in the "Employment injury" category. (Note) Medical aid for social assistance is included in the "Social assistance and others" category.

Social Security Expenditure	ILO Definitions	Japan
Family benefits	Benefits provided to assist families with children and other dependents.	Maternity leave benefit and family-care leave benefit in employment insurance, etc. Child allowance Public Sanitation: Family-care allowance, supplemental benefit for long-term care. Social Welfare: Child rearing allowance, Child welfare service (child protection allowance and business for the sound fosterage of children)
Unemployment	Benefits provided to protected persons due to the loss of gainful employment.	Employment Insurance, Seamen's Insurance: Jobseeker allowance, allowance for employment maintenance, employment stabilization business. (Note) Maternity leave benefit and family-care leave benefit in continuous employment benefit is included in "Family". (Note) Employment stabilization businesses include benefits paid for the incumbent and employers, as well as for the unemployed.
Housing	Benefits provided (on a means-tested basis) to assist with the cost of housing.	Social Assistance Scheme: Housing aid
Social assistance and others	Benefits in cash or in kind provided to individuals or certain targeted groups who require specific assistance in order to obtain a defined minimum level of income and to meet minimum subsistence requirements.	Social Assistance: Various aids Mutual Aid Associations: Special payment for disasters. (Note) Housing aid in social assistance is included in the "Housing" category.

Note: ILO Definitions are the criteria used in "The Cost of Social Security, 19th International Inquiry."

#### Estimation of Japan's Social Expenditure by OECD standards

The Social Expenditures were previously put together according to International Labor Organization (ILO) standards, and were an important indicator of changes from the past situation; however, data for this standard from the various countries has not been updated since 1996, and there are no indications that it will be updated in the future.

On the other hand, although its scope is somewhat different, the Social Security Expenditure for the OECD standard makes public relatively up-to-date annual data from the various countries, and therefore this report has since last year contained the OECD's estimations.

The scope of the OECD standard of Social Expenditure is broader than that of the ILO, and it includes the figures for expenditure not directly spent on individuals, such as expenditure on equipping facilities.

Japan's Social Expenditure by OECD standards

According to the OECD standards, Japan's Social Expenditure in 2003 was 91.9 trillion yen. Looking at the different policy areas, expenditure on "Old age" was the greatest at 42.9 trillion yen (46.7%), followed by, in order, "Health" at 30.4 trillion yen (33.1%) and "Survivors" at 6.3 trillion yen (6.8%).

Social Expenditure grew by 1.0% in comparison with the previous year, to 18.6% of GDP.

							(01110)	<b>,</b>
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Rate of increase compared with the previous year (%)
Old age	305,240 (40.3)	324,115 (41.3)	334,781 (41.5)	373,474 (44.1)	396,779 (44.9)	419,951 (46.2)	429,044 (46.7)	2.2
Survivors	54,971 (7.3)	56,708 (7.2)	58,423 (7.2)	59,814 (7.1)	61,129 (6.9)	61,947 (6.8)	62,780 (6.8)	1.3
Incapacity-related benefits	33,116 (4.4)	33,253 (4.2)	31,689 (3.9)	33,050 (3.9)	39,020 (4.4)	39,310 (4.3)	39,202 (4.3)	▲ 0.3
Health	293,264 (38.7)	296,885 (37.9)	304,066 (37.7)	297,657 (35.1)	305,676 (34.6)	299,071 (32.9)	303,932 (33.1)	1.6
Family	27,894 (3.7)	28,751 (3.7)	29,766 (3.7)	32,588 (3.8)	35,272 (4.0)	36,663 (4.0)	36,849 (4.0)	0.5
Active labor market programmes	15,639 (2.1)	13,207 (1.7)	14,732 (1.8)	14,653 (1.7)	14,416 (1.6)	14,400 (1.6)	14,888 (1.6)	3.4
Unemployment	21,364 (2.8)	24,127 (3.1)	26,005 (3.2)	28,272 (3.3)	23,221 (2.6)	28,926 (3.2)	22,201 (2.4)	▲ 23.2
Housing	- (-)	-						
Other social policy areas	6,734 (0.9)	7,072 (0.9)	7,575 (0.9)	8,004 (0.9)	8,394 (0.9)	9,107 (1.0)	9,703 (1.1)	6.5
Total	758,222 (100.0)	784,118 (100.0)	807,037 (100.0)	847,512 (100.0)	883,906 (100.0)	909,375 (100.0)	918,598 (100.0)	1.0
Percentage of NI	19.8%	21.0%	22.0%	22.8%	24.5%	25.6%	25.6%	0.28
Percentage of GDP	14.9%	15.6%	16.3%	16.9%	18.0%	18.6%	18.6%	0.03

**Reference Table 1** Trends in Japanese social expenditure

(Units: 100 million yen)

Notes: 1. Figures within brackets, (), represent the percentage of total expenditure.

2. The column showing "Rate of increase compared with the previous year" for percentage of national income and GDP, shows the rate at which these areas have increased in comparison with the previous year (Unit: percentage points).

Source: OECD Social Expenditure Database 2006

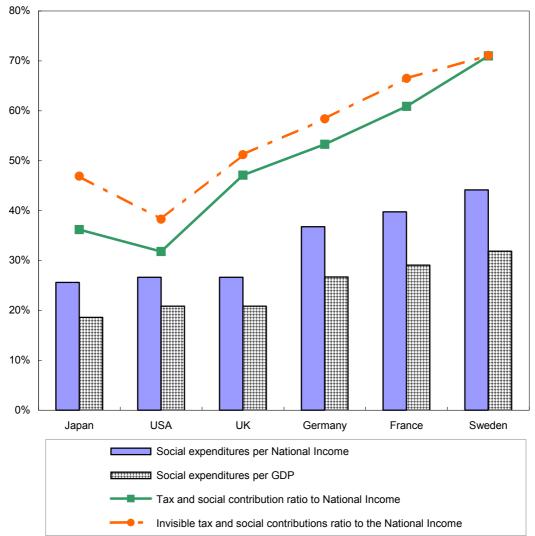
#### International Comparison according to OECD Social Expenditure database

When the Social Security Expenditure of various countries is compared against their Gross Domestic Product (GDP), that of Japan is higher than the United States but lower than Europe.

We see a similar trend in terms of the burden, as well as invisible burden of tax and social contribution to the National Income in Japan. (Reference Figure 1)

In addition, looking at the structural makeup of the Social Expenditure, the share of areas such as family, active labor market policies and unemployment expenses is low in Japan compared with that in European countries (Reference Figure 2)

**Reference Figure 1** International comparison of social expenditures and visible and invisible tax and social contributions ratio to the National Income in FY 2003



**Reference Table 2** International comparison of social expenditures and visible and invisible tax and social contributions ratio to the National Income in FY 2003

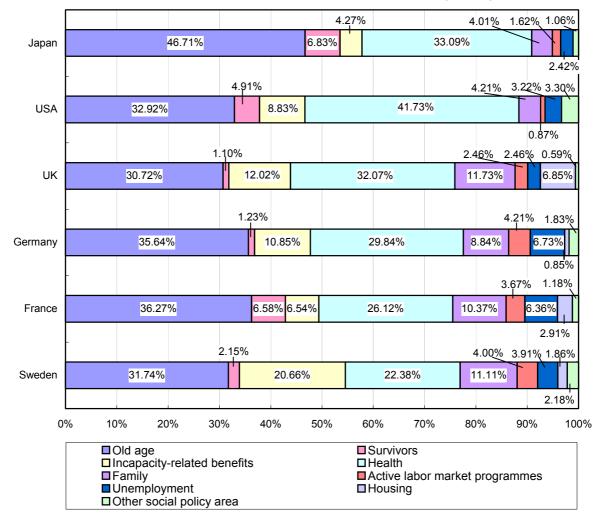
	Japan	USA	UK	Germany	France	Sweden
Social expenditures per National Income	25.63%	20.50%	26.66%	36.77%	39.77%	44.14%
Social expenditures per GDP	18.61%	16.59%	20.83%	26.72%	29.08%	31.86%
Tax and social contribution ratio to National Income	36.2%	31.8%	47.1%	53.3%	60.9%	71.0%
Invisible tax and social contributions ratio to the National Income	46.9%	38.3%	51.2%	58.4%	66.5%	71.1%

Note: Taxes include social security costs as well as other expenses.

Source:Regarding the Social Expenditure in 2003 of counties outside Japan OECD Social Expenditure Database 2006

The national income and GDP of Japan are from the "System of National Accounts 2006" Cabinet Economic and Social Research Institute (as are all listed below). The (invisible) tax and social contributions to national income are presented by the Ministry of Finance, Japanese Government.

#### Reference Figure 2 International Comparison of Social Expenditure by Policy Area in FY 2003



		FY 200	03							
	Old age	Survivors	Incapacity- related benefits	Health	Family	Active labor market programmes	Unemployment	Housing	Other social policy area	Total
Japan	11.97%	1.75%	1.09%	8.48%	1.03%	0.42%	0.62%	-	0.27%	25.63%
USA	6.75%	1.01%	1.81%	8.55%	0.86%	0.18%	0.66%	-	0.68%	20.50%
UK	8.19%	0.29%	3.21%	8.55%	3.13%	0.66%	0.66%	1.83%	0.16%	26.66%
Germany	13.10%	0.45%	3.99%	10.97%	3.25%	1.55%	2.48%	0.31%	0.67%	36.77%
France	14.42%	2.62%	2.60%	10.39%	4.13%	1.46%	2.53%	1.16%	0.47%	39.77%
Sweden	14.01%	0.95%	9.12%	9.88%	4.91%	1.77%	1.72%	0.82%	0.96%	44.14%

### **Reference Table 3-1** International Comparison of Social Expenditure relative to National Income in EX 2003

#### Reference Table 3-2 International Comparison of Social Expenditure relative to GDP in FY2003

	Old age	Survivors	Incapacity- related benefits	Health	Family	Active labor market programmes	Unemployment	Housing	Other social policy area	Total
Japan	8.69%	1.27%	0.79%	6.16%	0.75%	0.30%	0.45%	-	0.20%	18.61%
USA	5.46%	0.82%	1.47%	6.92%	0.70%	0.14%	0.54%	-	0.55%	16.59%
UK	6.40%	0.23%	2.50%	6.68%	2.44%	0.51%	0.51%	1.43%	0.12%	20.83%
Germany	9.52%	0.33%	2.90%	7.97%	2.36%	1.12%	1.80%	0.23%	0.49%	26.72%
France	10.55%	1.91%	1.90%	7.59%	3.02%	1.07%	1.85%	0.85%	0.34%	29.08%
Sweden	10.11%	0.69%	6.58%	7.13%	3.54%	1.27%	1.24%	0.59%	0.70%	31.86%

Note: The OECD Social Expenditure Database has no estimates of revenue data.

<b>Reference Chart 4</b> Definitions of OECD of Social Expenditure by policy a
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Social Security Expenditure	Definitions by OECD 1)	Examples in Japan
1. Old age	Old-age comprises all cash expenditures (including lump-sum payments) on old-age pensions within the public sphere. Old-age cash benefits provide an income for persons retired from the labour market or guarantee incomes when a person has reached a 'standard' pensionable age or fulfilled the necessary contributory requirements. This category also includes early retirement pensions: pensions paid before the beneficiary has reached the 'standard' pensionable age relevant to the programme. Excluded are programmes concerning early retirement for labour market reasons which are classified under unemployment. The Social Expenditure Database includes supplements for dependants paid to old- age pensioners with dependants under old-age cash benefits. Old age also includes social expenditure on services for the elderly people, services such as day care and rehabilitation services, home- help services and other benefits in kind. It also includes expenditure on the provision of residential care in an institution (e.g., the cost of operating homes for the elderly).	Employees' Pension Insurance: Old age pension, Retirement pension National Pension: Old age pension, Old age Welfare pension, Retirement pension paid under the mutual aid associations, Lump sum payment for temporary foreigner residents Employee's Pension Fund, etc.: Old age pension Seamen's Insurance: Old age pension, non contributory pension paid under the former gratuity schemes Long-term care insurance: Old age care services, etc. Social Welfare: Old age welfare services, residential care, etc. Old age care services under a scheme of public assistance
2. Survivors	Many countries have social expenditure programmes in the public sphere which provide the spouse or dependent of a deceased person with a benefit (either in cash or in kind). Expenditure in this policy area has been grouped under survivors. Allowances and supplements for dependent children of the recipient of a survivors' benefit are also recorded here.	Employees' Pension Insurance: Survivors' pension National Pension: Survivors' pension, lump-sum payment for survivors Seamen's Insurance: Survivors' pension, support for funeral, Survivors' pension paid under the mutual aid associations, lump-sum payment for survivors, support for funeral, Survivors' pension under the aid for war victims, Support of funeral expenses under the scheme of health insurance Note: Survivors' pension paid under the scheme of workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance is allocated into 3.Incapacity-related benefits

continued (No. 2	)	
Social Security Expenditure	Definitions by OECD 1)	Examples in Japan
3. Incapacity-related benefits	Disability cash benefits are comprised of cash payments on account of complete or partial inability to participate gainfully in the labour market due to disability. The disability may be congenital, or the result of an accident or illness during the victim's lifetime. Spending on Occupational injury and disease records all cash payments such as paid sick leave, special allowances and disability related payments such as pensions, if they are related to prescribed occupational injuries and diseases. Sickness cash benefits related to loss of earning because of the temporary inability to work due to illness are also recorded. This excludes paid leave related to sickness or injury of a dependent child which is recorded under family cash benefits. All expenditure regarding the public provision of health care is recorded under health. Social expenditure on services for the disabled people encompasses services such as day care and rehabilitation services, home-help services and other benefits in kind.	Disability pension paid under the public pension scheme including Employee's pension Insurance, National Pension, mutual aid associations, Sickness leave payments are also included. Services provided under disability welfare scheme, cash benefits for households of handicapped children, Payment under the Workmen's Accident Compensation Insurance, Government Employees' Accident Compensation, Local Government Employees' Accident Compensation, etc. are allocated under this category. Protection measures for sickness such as AIDS and leprosy
4. Health	datafile (OECD, 2006). All public expenditure on health is included (not total health expenditure): current expenditure	The costs of care service financed by long-term care insurance for the elderly and prosthetic equipment (for injuries, workmens' accident compensation, illnesses) have been deducted from the total public health expenditure, OECD Health datafile 2006 in order to avoide double accounting. The deducted costs are estimated by the Institute for Health Economic and Policy.
5. Family	Family includes expenditure which supports families (i.e., excluding one- person households). This expenditure is often related to the costs associated with raising children or with the support of other dependants. Expenditure related to maternity and parental leave is grouped under the family cash benefits sub- category. The public expenditures for pre- primary education are included in this policy area from 2006 edition.	Child allowance, child allowances for single parent family, child allowance for households having handicapped children, Lump-sum payment for maternity leave, Leave compensation during parental leave and care leave. The public expenditure data for pre-primary education is taken from the OECD education at a glance 2006.

#### continued (No. 3)

Social Security		
Expenditure	Definitions by OECD 1)	Examples in Japan
6. Active labor market programmes	The category active labour market programmes (ALMP) contains all social expenditure (other than education) which is aimed at the improvement of the beneficiaries' prospect of finding gainful employment or to otherwise increase their earning capacity. This category includes spending on public employment services and administration, labour market training, special programmes for youth when in transition from school to work, labour market programmes to provide or promote employment for unemployed and other persons (excluding young and disabled persons) and special programmes for the disabled. For more detailed information regarding the categorization of expenditure on ALMP, see the Employment Outlook, OECD, 2005 www.oecd.org/els/employmentoutlook .	The costs financed by both of the employment insurance scheme and the general government revenue are included. The three policy measerus are services for the stabilization of employment, services for development capacities, and services for the welfare of employments.
7. Unemployment	The category unemployment includes all cash expenditure to people compensating for unemployment. This includes redundancy payments out of public resources as well as pensions to beneficiaries before they reach the 'standard' pensionable age if these payments are made because they are out of work or otherwise for reasons of labor market policy.	Unemployment benefits paid under the scheme of employment insurance. In additon to it, umemployment benefits paid by the Seamen's Insurance are included. The parental leave and care leave under the employment insurance are categorized as "5.Family." The training subsidies are categorized as "6. Active labor market programmes."
8. Housing	Rent subsidies and other cash benefits to the individual to help with housing costs.	An appropreate data is not available regarding Japanese data, so it is not listed.
9.Other social policy areas	This category includes social expenditure (both in cash and in kind) for those people who for various reasons fall outside the scope of the relevant programme covering a particular contingency, or if this other benefit is insufficient to meet their needs. Social expenditure related to immigrants/refugees and indigenous people are separately recorded in this category. Finally, any social expenditure which is not attributable to other categories is included in the sub-category other.	Public assistance; education assistance, maternity assistance, livelihood assistance, funeral assistance, health assistance, housing assistance, and long-term care assistance. Support for victims of natural disasters, Atomic bomb victims aid, etc.

Notes: 1. OECD Definitions are followed by the OECD Social Expenditure 2006 ed.

2. The Japanese translation of "9. Other social policy areas" are "Social Assistance and others" with a reference to the included major schemes.