

Foreign Women's Fertility in Japan; an Analysis by Micro-data of the Japanese Population Census

Yu KOREKAWA

There are few studies on foreign women's fertility in Japan, although the importance of international migration and its demographic impact will be increasing in the low-fertility societies in a future. The present study aims to answer to this issue by an own-children method applied to the micro-data of the Japanese Population Census 2000, and 2010.

As a result, it is revealed that the foreign women's fertilities tend to be lower than that of Japanese women except Vietnamese, even though socio-demographic characteristics are controlled. Secondly, foreign women have probably experienced interrelation of events, or rapid TFR increase soon after international migration, only among the first child. It is also clarified that they have probably experienced the disruption effect among secondly or later child, because TFR decrease except the first one. Thirdly, it is revealed that foreign women's fertility tends to increase in the settlement processes.